

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**  
**2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
<b>Population 16 years and over</b>	101,489	+/- 833	100.0%	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force</b>	67,822	+/- 1133	66.8%	+/- 1
Civilian labor force	67,667	+/- 1133	66.7%	+/- 1
Employed	62,642	+/- 1112	61.7%	+/- 1
Unemployed	5,025	+/- 502	5%	+/- 0.5
Armed Forces	155	+/- 76	0.2%	+/- 0.1
<b>Not in labor force</b>	33,667	+/- 1033	33.2%	+/- 1
Civilian labor force	67,667	+/- 1133	(X)	+/- (X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	+/- (X)	7.4%	+/- 0.7
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>				
In labor force	52,145	+/- 491	(X)	+/- (X)
Civilian labor force	32,557	+/- 756	62.4%	+/- 1.3
Employed	32,530	+/- 753	62.4%	+/- 1.3
Unemployed	30,491	+/- 759	58.5%	+/- 1.3
<b>Own children under 6 years</b>	8,805	+/- 353	(X)	+/- (X)
All parents in family in labor force	6,212	+/- 457	70.6%	+/- 4.2
<b>Own children 6 to 17 years</b>	19,566	+/- 573	(X)	+/- (X)
All parents in family in labor force	14,485	+/- 692	74%	+/- 3.4
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	61,401	+/- 1132	100.0%	+/- (X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	47,719	+/- 1194	77.7%	+/- 1.3
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	6,575	+/- 559	10.7%	+/- 0.9
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	735	+/- 199	1.2%	+/- 0.3
Walked	1,537	+/- 310	2.5%	+/- 0.5
Other means	1,079	+/- 265	1.8%	+/- 0.4
Worked at home	3,756	+/- 460	6.1%	+/- 0.7
<b>Mean travel time to work (minutes)</b>	32.7	+/- 0.9	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	62,642	+/- 1112	100.0%	+/- (X)
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	22,194	+/- 758	35.4%	+/- 1.1
Service occupations	10,834	+/- 706	17.3%	+/- 1.1
Sales and office occupations	15,038	+/- 828	24%	+/- 1.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	7,408	+/- 614	11.8%	+/- 0.9
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	7,168	+/- 624	11.4%	+/- 1
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	62,642	+/- 1112	100.0%	+/- (X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	1,784	+/- 315	2.8%	+/- 0.5
Construction	6,092	+/- 586	9.7%	+/- 0.9
Manufacturing	4,951	+/- 543	7.9%	+/- 0.8
Wholesale trade	1,990	+/- 293	3.2%	+/- 0.5
Retail trade	6,922	+/- 530	11.1%	+/- 0.8
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	2,997	+/- 343	4.8%	+/- 0.6
Information	915	+/- 221	1.5%	+/- 0.4
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	3,391	+/- 390	5.4%	+/- 0.6
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste	6,123	+/- 574	9.8%	+/- 0.9
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	13,368	+/- 711	21.3%	+/- 1.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	5,695	+/- 579	9.1%	+/- 0.9
Other services, except public administration	3,117	+/- 395	5%	+/- 0.6
Public administration	5,297	+/- 513	8.5%	+/- 0.8

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**  
**2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	62,642	+/- 1112	100.0%	+/- (X)
Private wage and salary workers	46,095	+/- 1151	73.6%	+/- 1.1
Government workers	11,412	+/- 631	18.2%	+/- 1
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	5,026	+/- 462	8%	+/- 0.8
Unpaid family workers	109	+/- 65	0.2%	+/- 0.1
<b>INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2012 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>				
<b>Total households</b>	46,038	+/- 700	100.0%	+/- (X)
Less than \$10,000	1,896	+/- 282	4.1%	+/- 0.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,726	+/- 249	3.7%	+/- 0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	3,958	+/- 427	8.6%	+/- 0.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	3,424	+/- 352	7.4%	+/- 0.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5,119	+/- 470	11.1%	+/- 1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	8,732	+/- 599	19%	+/- 1.3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6,639	+/- 494	14.4%	+/- 1.1
\$100,000 to \$149,999	8,704	+/- 579	18.9%	+/- 1.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,379	+/- 334	7.3%	+/- 0.7
\$200,000 or more	2,461	+/- 283	5.3%	+/- 0.6
<b>Median household income (dollars)</b>	\$68,926	+/- 1749	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>Mean household income (dollars)</b>	\$85,526	+/- 2471	(X)%	+/- (X)
With earnings	36,828	+/- 847	80%	+/- 1.1
Mean earnings (dollars)	\$84,366	+/- 2131	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Social Security	14,357	+/- 408	31.2%	+/- 0.8
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	\$17,908	+/- 511	(X)%	+/- (X)
With retirement income	10,352	+/- 486	22.5%	+/- 1
Mean retirement income (dollars)	\$26,003	+/- 1472	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Supplemental Security Income	1,624	+/- 265	3.5%	+/- 0.6
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	\$8,953	+/- 734	(X)%	+/- (X)
With cash public assistance income	1,087	+/- 219	2.4%	+/- 0.5
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	\$3,800	+/- 852	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	3,835	+/- 404	8.3%	+/- 0.9
<b>Families</b>				
Less than \$10,000	731	+/- 165	2.2%	+/- 0.5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	591	+/- 185	1.8%	+/- 0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,132	+/- 308	6.4%	+/- 0.9
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,993	+/- 313	6%	+/- 0.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	3,506	+/- 401	10.5%	+/- 1.2
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6,208	+/- 473	18.6%	+/- 1.4
\$75,000 to \$99,999	5,478	+/- 458	16.4%	+/- 1.4
\$100,000 to \$149,999	7,683	+/- 565	23%	+/- 1.5
\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,003	+/- 316	9%	+/- 0.9
\$200,000 or more	2,124	+/- 263	6.3%	+/- 0.8
Median family income (dollars)	\$82,395	+/- 2388	(X)%	+/- (X)
Mean family income (dollars)	\$96,654	+/- 2956	(X)%	+/- (X)
Per capita income (dollars)	\$32,124	+/- 994	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>Nonfamily households</b>				
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	\$35,834	+/- 2674	(X)%	+/- (X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	\$50,998	+/- 2630	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	\$35,089	+/- 1257	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$54,065	+/- 1139	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$43,216	+/- 1043	(X)%	+/- (X)

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**  
**2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE</b>				
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized population</b>	125,105	+/- 1114	125105%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	112,845	+/- 1337	90.2%	+/- 0.8
With private health insurance	94,099	+/- 1549	75.2%	+/- 1.3
With public coverage	35,525	+/- 1347	28.4%	+/- 1
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	12,260	+/- 1006	9.8%	+/- 0.8
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	29,428	+/- 552	29428%	+/- (X)
No health insurance coverage	1,577	+/- 490	5.4%	+/- 1.6
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	77,243	+/- 801	77243%	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force:</b>	62,461	+/- 1019	62461%	+/- (X)
<b>Employed:</b>	57,852	+/- 1034	57852%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	51,303	+/- 945	88.7%	+/- 1
With private health insurance	49,359	+/- 1019	85.3%	+/- 1.1
With public coverage	3,320	+/- 387	5.7%	+/- 0.7
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	6,549	+/- 632	11.3%	+/- 1
<b>Unemployed:</b>	4,609	+/- 493	4609%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	2,976	+/- 404	64.6%	+/- 5.6
With private health insurance	2,120	+/- 331	46%	+/- 5.4
With public coverage	940	+/- 249	20.4%	+/- 4.9
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	1,633	+/- 310	35.4%	+/- 5.6
<b>Not in labor force:</b>	14,782	+/- 777	14782%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	12,345	+/- 721	83.5%	+/- 2.3
With private health insurance	8,607	+/- 583	58.2%	+/- 3.1
With public coverage	4,880	+/- 521	33%	+/- 2.7
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	2,437	+/- 374	16.5%	+/- 2.3
<b>PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
<b>All families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	6.2%	+/- 0.9
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	11.1%	+/- 1.8
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	11.1%	+/- 5.1
<b>Married couple families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	2.9%	+/- 0.7
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	4.7%	+/- 1.6
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	7.4%	+/- 5.3
<b>Families with female householder, no husband present</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	20.2%	+/- 3.9
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	26%	+/- 5.2
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	11.4%	+/- 9.8
<b>All people</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	9.4%	+/- 1.1
<b>Under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	13.3%	+/- 2.4
Related children under 18 years	(X)	+/- (X)	13.2%	+/- 2.3
Related children under 5 years	(X)	+/- (X)	16.1%	+/- 3.7
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	+/- (X)	12.3%	+/- 2.4
<b>18 years and over</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	8.2%	+/- 0.9
18 to 64 years	(X)	+/- (X)	8.7%	+/- 1
65 years and over	(X)	+/- (X)	6.3%	+/- 1.3
<b>People in families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	7.3%	+/- 1.1
<b>Unrelated individuals 15 years and over</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	21.4%	+/- 2.3

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS  
2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 36 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

While the 2008-2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008-2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.