

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**  
**2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
<b>Population 16 years and over</b>	105,109	+/- 1826	100.0%	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force</b>	73,829	+/- 1469	70.2%	+/- 0.9
Civilian labor force	73,519	+/- 1459	69.9%	+/- 0.9
Employed	68,881	+/- 1399	65.5%	+/- 1.1
Unemployed	4,638	+/- 498	4.4%	+/- 0.4
Armed Forces	310	+/- 122	0.3%	+/- 0.1
<b>Not in labor force</b>	31,280	+/- 1170	29.8%	+/- 0.9
Civilian labor force	73,519	+/- 1459	(X)	+/- (X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	+/- (X)	6.3%	+/- 0.7
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>				
<b>Population 16 years and over</b>	53,698	+/- 1080	(X)	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force</b>	34,683	+/- 872	64.6%	+/- 1.2
Civilian labor force	34,653	+/- 867	64.5%	+/- 1.2
Employed	32,479	+/- 866	60.5%	+/- 1.4
<b>Own children under 6 years</b>	8,633	+/- 587	(X)	+/- (X)
All parents in family in labor force	6,330	+/- 598	73.3%	+/- 4.3
<b>Own children 6 to 17 years</b>	20,906	+/- 981	(X)	+/- (X)
All parents in family in labor force	16,345	+/- 839	78.2%	+/- 3.4
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	67,892	+/- 1410	100.0%	+/- (X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	56,517	+/- 1231	83.2%	+/- 1
Car, truck, or van -- carpoled	6,184	+/- 706	9.1%	+/- 1
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	825	+/- 183	1.2%	+/- 0.3
Walked	805	+/- 202	1.2%	+/- 0.3
Other means	648	+/- 278	1%	+/- 0.4
Worked at home	2,913	+/- 347	4.3%	+/- 0.5
<b>Mean travel time to work (minutes)</b>	33.1	+/- 0.6	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	68,881	+/- 1399	100.0%	+/- (X)
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	28,254	+/- 1076	41%	+/- 1.3
Service occupations	9,035	+/- 690	13.1%	+/- 0.9
Sales and office occupations	18,682	+/- 789	27.1%	+/- 1.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	6,947	+/- 573	10.1%	+/- 0.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	5,963	+/- 527	8.7%	+/- 0.7
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	68,881	+/- 1399	100.0%	+/- (X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	478	+/- 160	0.7%	+/- 0.2
Construction	6,126	+/- 533	8.9%	+/- 0.7
Manufacturing	5,159	+/- 507	7.5%	+/- 0.7
Wholesale trade	2,267	+/- 387	3.3%	+/- 0.6
Retail trade	8,833	+/- 699	12.8%	+/- 1
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	3,371	+/- 410	4.9%	+/- 0.6
Information	1,440	+/- 274	2.1%	+/- 0.4
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	5,387	+/- 428	7.8%	+/- 0.6
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste	8,627	+/- 580	12.5%	+/- 0.8
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	15,828	+/- 938	23%	+/- 1.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	4,075	+/- 514	5.9%	+/- 0.7
Other services, except public administration	2,780	+/- 409	4%	+/- 0.6
Public administration	4,510	+/- 461	6.5%	+/- 0.7

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**  
**2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	68,881	+/- 1399	100.0%	+/- (X)
Private wage and salary workers	54,671	+/- 1323	79.4%	+/- 1
Government workers	10,558	+/- 730	15.3%	+/- 1
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	3,488	+/- 340	5.1%	+/- 0.5
Unpaid family workers	164	+/- 116	0.2%	+/- 0.2
<b>INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2012 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>				
<b>Total households</b>	47,383	+/- 532	100.0%	+/- (X)
Less than \$10,000	1,245	+/- 269	2.6%	+/- 0.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,317	+/- 236	2.8%	+/- 0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,583	+/- 306	5.5%	+/- 0.6
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,716	+/- 346	5.7%	+/- 0.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5,009	+/- 458	10.6%	+/- 1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	8,246	+/- 613	17.4%	+/- 1.3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	7,273	+/- 566	15.3%	+/- 1.2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	9,993	+/- 596	21.1%	+/- 1.3
\$150,000 to \$199,999	5,081	+/- 388	10.7%	+/- 0.8
\$200,000 or more	3,920	+/- 384	8.3%	+/- 0.8
<b>Median household income (dollars)</b>	\$83,983	+/- 2194	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>Mean household income (dollars)</b>	\$101,552	+/- 2202	(X)%	+/- (X)
With earnings	39,413	+/- 649	83.2%	+/- 1
Mean earnings (dollars)	\$100,919	+/- 2473	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Social Security	14,082	+/- 495	29.7%	+/- 1
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	\$19,072	+/- 552	(X)%	+/- (X)
With retirement income	10,708	+/- 528	22.6%	+/- 1.1
Mean retirement income (dollars)	\$24,177	+/- 1211	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Supplemental Security Income	1,193	+/- 214	2.5%	+/- 0.4
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	\$9,670	+/- 1036	(X)%	+/- (X)
With cash public assistance income	635	+/- 156	1.3%	+/- 0.3
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	\$5,315	+/- 1557	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	1,994	+/- 272	4.2%	+/- 0.6
<b>Families</b>	36,136	+/- 715	100.0%	+/- (X)
Less than \$10,000	671	+/- 232	1.9%	+/- 0.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	474	+/- 161	1.3%	+/- 0.4
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,183	+/- 245	3.3%	+/- 0.7
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,574	+/- 280	4.4%	+/- 0.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	3,267	+/- 352	9%	+/- 1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5,943	+/- 518	16.4%	+/- 1.4
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6,001	+/- 472	16.6%	+/- 1.3
\$100,000 to \$149,999	8,780	+/- 560	24.3%	+/- 1.5
\$150,000 to \$199,999	4,650	+/- 378	12.9%	+/- 1
\$200,000 or more	3,593	+/- 347	9.9%	+/- 1
Median family income (dollars)	\$95,398	+/- 2814	(X)%	+/- (X)
Mean family income (dollars)	\$113,726	+/- 3026	(X)%	+/- (X)
Per capita income (dollars)	\$37,271	+/- 937	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>Nonfamily households</b>	11,247	+/- 616	(X)	+/- (X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	\$45,352	+/- 3138	(X)%	+/- (X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	\$55,531	+/- 2707	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	\$42,695	+/- 963	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$61,451	+/- 1697	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$47,409	+/- 2301	(X)%	+/- (X)

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**  
**2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE</b>				
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized population</b>	131,112	+/- 2296	131112%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	121,934	+/- 2405	93%	+/- 0.8
With private health insurance	110,920	+/- 2248	84.6%	+/- 1.1
With public coverage	28,622	+/- 1214	21.8%	+/- 0.8
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	9,178	+/- 1055	7%	+/- 0.8
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	30,328	+/- 1163	30328%	+/- (X)
No health insurance coverage	1,308	+/- 452	4.3%	+/- 1.5
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	82,227	+/- 1573	82227%	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force:</b>	68,288	+/- 1352	68288%	+/- (X)
<b>Employed:</b>	64,032	+/- 1307	64032%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	59,164	+/- 1288	92.4%	+/- 0.8
With private health insurance	58,126	+/- 1309	90.8%	+/- 0.9
With public coverage	2,323	+/- 356	3.6%	+/- 0.5
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	4,868	+/- 558	7.6%	+/- 0.8
<b>Unemployed:</b>	4,256	+/- 469	4256%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	2,780	+/- 355	65.3%	+/- 5.3
With private health insurance	2,285	+/- 335	53.7%	+/- 5.6
With public coverage	634	+/- 167	14.9%	+/- 3.9
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	1,476	+/- 293	34.7%	+/- 5.3
<b>Not in labor force:</b>	13,939	+/- 740	13939%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	12,485	+/- 686	89.6%	+/- 2.1
With private health insurance	10,703	+/- 654	76.8%	+/- 2.7
With public coverage	3,117	+/- 336	22.4%	+/- 2.4
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	1,454	+/- 318	10.4%	+/- 2.1
<b>PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
<b>All families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	3.9%	+/- 1
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	6.1%	+/- 1.9
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	6.4%	+/- 3.7
<b>Married couple families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	2.5%	+/- 0.8
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	3.5%	+/- 1.7
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	3.2%	+/- 3.7
<b>Families with female householder, no husband present</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	12.5%	+/- 3.7
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	16.8%	+/- 5.2
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	25.3%	+/- 14.6
<b>All people</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	5.1%	+/- 1
<b>Under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	6.9%	+/- 2.5
Related children under 18 years	(X)	+/- (X)	6.7%	+/- 2.5
Related children under 5 years	(X)	+/- (X)	6.1%	+/- 2.8
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	+/- (X)	6.9%	+/- 3
<b>18 years and over</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	4.5%	+/- 0.7
18 to 64 years	(X)	+/- (X)	4.6%	+/- 0.8
65 years and over	(X)	+/- (X)	4%	+/- 1
<b>People in families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	4%	+/- 1.2
<b>Unrelated individuals 15 years and over</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	12.6%	+/- 2.2

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS  
2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 7 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error

Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

While the 2008-2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008-2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.