RESIDENTIAL SALES DATA METHODOLOGY

CY2021 (Prepared September 2022)

The Sales data for calendar year (CY) 2021 are derived from the *MdProperty View*¹ Sales Databases created for Maryland's 23 counties and Baltimore City.

The Maryland Department of Planning receives sales files from the State Department of Assessments and Taxation (Assessments). The Assessments files contain one complete year and are updated monthly (e.g. the December 2021 sales file contains sales with a trade date (TRADATE value YYYYMMDD) for December 1, 2020 - November 30, 2021).² Planning assigns X,Y mapping coordinates to the sales records based on the latest *MdProperty View* parcel X,Y values at the time of the sales download.

A CY 2021 Sales Database is created in the Property Mapping section of the Maryland Department of Planning. The database contained 226,112 records.

Step 1 Conveyance Type - Only Sales Database records where the method of conveyance at the time of sale is an arms-length transfer of a single parcel (CONVEY1 field values of 0, 1, or 2) were included (132,642 of 226,112 records).

Step 2 Improvement Value – From Step 1, Sales Database records were included with an improvement value equal to or greater than \$10,000 (CURIMPVL field, current full market improvement value). Also included were records where CURIMPVL is less than \$10,000 and the sale improvement value (SALIMPVL field) is equal to or greater than \$10,000). This ensures that the properties included are those that are most likely to have a dwelling unit and that parcels are excluded where there is only land value with little or no improvement value (126,536 of the (records). A new field, IMPVALUE, was created and is populated with the value in CURIMPVL where that field has a value of \$10,000 or more otherwise IMPVALUE was populated with the value in SALIMPVL which has a value of \$10,000 or more).

<u>Step 3 Residential Sales</u> - From Step 2, only residential sales records were included in the analysis, i.e. sales records with a LU (Land Use) code of "R" (Residential), "TH" (Townhouse) or "U" (Residential Condominium). (121,770 of the 126,536 records).

<u>Step 4 Duplicate Sales</u> - The database was reviewed for "duplicate" sales database records, i.e. multiple records with the same parcel account number (ACCTID), Trade Date (TRADATE) and Consideration Value (CONSIDR1). Upon review, most of the "duplicate" sales reflected instances of transfers involving financial institutions or home builders in combination with individual owner purchases or sales. The "duplicates" were removed from the Sales Database records. For each group of duplicate records, the

http://planning.maryland.gov/OurProducts/PropertyMapProducts/MDPropertyViewProducts.shtml

¹ *MdProperty View*, first developed by the Maryland Department of Planning in 1996, is an electronic GIS (Geographic Information System) tool for accessing information on Maryland's 2.3 million parcel accounts referenced spatially via X,Y points to their location on property maps that can be viewed with other map layers such as State Highway Administration roads. For more information, go to

² Since Assessements converted their data system to the Manatron, Inc. GRM custom CAMA Integrated Property Tax Software System in 2011, there have been delays in receiving an entire year of sales data. To ensure that all the records for CY 2021 were included in the residential sales dataset, it was necessary to include 2021 sales from the May 2022 sales download.

record with the highest transaction number (TRANSNO1) was retained. (121,651 of the 121,770 records)

Step 5 Current Total Values Versus Consideration Value - For some sales database records the current total value (CURTTLVL) is considerably higher than the consideration or amount of money paid for the property at the time of the sale (CONSIDR1). To address this issue, the data retained after Step 4 were queried to identify those records where the current total value exceeded the consideration value by more than 1½ times. These properties were then deleted from the analysis. Also removed were a few records where the CONSIDR1 was less than \$10,000. Thus the residential sales records retained are those where the consideration is two-thirds or more of the improvement value and the consideration is greater than \$10,000. (119,484 of the 121,651 records)

Step 6 CONSIDR1 Review – Sales records where the consideration (CONSIDR1) is \$1 Million or more and the Improvement value (IMPVALUE) is 25% or less of the Consideration value (CONSIDR1) were reviewed to determine if the sale was to an owner that is a business entity (e.g. bank, LLC, home builder, mortgage company), trustee, or other organization. These are likely to be properties purchased for redevelopment or a use other than residential sale and occupancy. (118,242 of the 119,484 records)

Step 7 Duplicate Account Numbers - Records were reviewed again for duplicate occurrences of the same account numbers to eliminate any records where a business entity (e.g. bank, LLC, home builder, mortgage company), trustee, or other organization is listed as the new owner of the property rather than a private individual. Sales to business entities, trustees, or other organizations are likely interim transactions that do not represent final residential sales. Consecutive sales of the same account among private individuals may also include interim transactions.

The 2021 sales database contained 5,903 records with two or three instances of the same account number. The chart below summarizes how these records were removed or retained to eliminate likely interim transactions.

	Action Taken				
Sale Type	Kept All Transactions	Deleted All Transactions	Deleted Transaction with Earliest TRADATE	Records Kept	Records Deleted
Any sale to a business/trust/organization		\checkmark			2,670
Any sale to private individual if next sale of same account is to a business/trustee/organization OR if previous sale of same account was to a business/ trustee/ organization	~			1,267	
Consecutive sales of same account to private individuals:					

• Sales share transaction date (TRADATE) OR Sales share a consideration value (CONSIDR1)			✓	442	442
 Subsequent sale price decreased below first sale price 			√	22	22
• Subsequent sale price increased by 10 percent or more over the previous sale			\checkmark	420	420
 Subsequent sale price increased by less than 10 percent over the previous sale and both transactions took place within 90 days 			✓	24	24
• Subsequent sale price increased by less than 10 percent and transactions occurred beyond 90 days of each other	~			150	
Total Records with Multiple Instances of Same Account					5,903
Records Deleted				3,578	
Records Kept					2,325

Finally, the records with multiple instances of the same account are identified for deletion if the consideration (CONSIDR1) is less than 60% of the current total value (CURTTLVL). (116,623 of the 118,242 records)

<u>Step 8 Sales with X, Y Location</u> - When the sales records are extracted from Assessments they are assigned X, Y mapping locations based on the *MdProperty View* parcel account coordinates available at that time.

1,987 sales records could not be assigned X, Y coordinates using *MdProperty View* data. These unlocated accounts were exported to separate file for further research and then deleted from the main file. (114,575 of the 116,562 records)

Step 9 Building Description Check - When Assessments converted their data system to the Manatron, Inc. GRM custom CAMA Integrated Property Tax Software System in 2011, they took advantage of the opportunity to substantially reformat their core datasets. One of the changes they made was to redevelop the structure grade, type of construction, number of stories/style and building type codes used to identify the specific characteristics of buildings found on a given property. Structure codes and descriptions have changed significantly as compared to earlier Edition years of *MdProperty View*.

For this reason, a special statewide extract of all structure codes and their accompanying descriptions was created from the February 2012 Statewide Parcel extract downloaded from the Assessments website. This structure code extract was then matched to *MdProperty View* 2014 Edition, and the redeveloped structure codes were used to produce the 2015 Residential Sales extract, with the structure

codes used in *MdProperty View* 2014 Edition only being used in the absence of matched structure codes and descriptions from the structure code extract.

A new field (HU) was added to the database and the residential sales records are grouped into six types based on the Land Use (LU) and dwelling description fields (DESCSTYL and DESCBLDG) from the new structure codes and descriptions in the sales database. . Starting in 2023 and retroactively applied for sales years 2017 to 2022 housing units meeting the criteria previously assigned to UNK and RENT are removed from the analysis. The current and retroactively assigned four residential sales housing types are:

Single Family (HU = SF) (63,269 records)

- One or more dwelling description fields includes single family, split foyer or split level, but LU is not TH and dwelling description fields do not contain townhouse (TH); and/or
- LU = U, property does not meet the townhouse or condominium criteria below, and DESCSTYLE indicates the unit has a basement; and/or
- LU = U, property does not meet the townhouse or condominium criteria below, DESCSTYLE indicates there is no basement, and research does not suggest the property contains multiple dwellings within the same building

Townhouse (HU = TH) (38,205 records)

- LU = TH, and/or
- One or more dwelling description fields includes townhouse (TH), and LU = R, U or TH

Condominium (HU = CON) (9,866 records)

- LU = U or R, and one or more dwelling description fields include condominium (garden, high-rise, penthouse, studio/efficiency) but none of the dwelling description fields contain condominium townhouse or condominium single family
- LU = U, DESCSTYLE indicates no basement, and research suggests the property contains multiple dwellings within the same building

Mobile Home (HU = MH) (365 records)

• One or more dwelling description fields contains mobile home

Deletes (HU = UNK, HU = D or HU = RENT) (2,870 records)

- HU = UNK if dwelling description fields are blank or contain no data and LU = R (159 records)
- HU = RENT if one or more dwelling description fields contain rental dwelling and LU = R (2,640 records)
- Includes condominium storage units, parking spaces, churches, and boat slips with a sale (CONSIDR1) value of \$50,000 or less

A few properties that did not fit the above criteria were assigned a code based on readily available information (e.g. Google Street View, adjacent parcel data, etc). The 71 condominium storage units, parking spaces, and boat slips referenced above were removed from the dataset during this step. (114,504 of 114,575 records)

<u>Step 10 Small Geographic Area Assignments</u> – During this step each sale was assigned a jurisdiction identifier (one of the 23 Maryland counties or Baltimore City), municipality identifier (where applicable), USPS zip code, 2010 Census tract, and 2010 block group (block groups are subsets of Census tracts), and location relative to the Priority Funding Area (PFA) for the purposes of tabular analysis and map display.

The geographic area identifier fields included on the calendar year sales record files are: COUNTY (positions 1-2 are the State Code, 24, and positions 3-5 are the jurisdiction FIPS code), DESCTOWN (town name preceded by a four character County abbreviation), ZIPCODE1 (5 digit USPS zip code), ZIPCODE2 (5 digit USPS zip code preceded by 5 digit County Code), ZIPNAME (zip code description), CT2010 (2010 Census tract), and BG2010 (2010 block group), and PFA (location relative to PFA). For Census tract and block group data, the first 5 positions are the County code, and positions 6-11 are the Census tract. For block group data position 12 is the block group.

The source of the COUNTY identifier and DESCTOWN fields are the sales extract data and *MdProperty View* 2013/14 respectively. Additionally, *MdProperty View* contains boundary files (polygons map layers) for zip codes, Census tracts, and block groups. Using a spatial join, the zip code, Census tract and block group identifiers were assigned to each sales record based on the sale's X, Y location and its intersection with the respective polygon boundary file.

Finally, each sales record was tagged with its location relative to the PFA based on the PFA boundaries as of July 2021. A sales record is either inside the PFA (inPFA), in a PFA Comment Area (inPFAc) or outside the PFA (outPFA).

In a few cases the PFA, zip code, Census tract, and block group assignments needed manual adjustment. For example, sale points that were just offshore of the PFA were reassigned to the PFA, and minor adjustments to the zip code, Census Tract, and block group assignments were necessary for consistency with the COUNTY identifier.

Step 11 Final Residential Sales Database for CY2021 – Selected fields from Step 13 for the 114,504 records were written out to the final sales database as a shapefile with the following field content:

Identify		□×		
Identify from	ResSales_FinalSHP	▼		
Location:	423,478.468 119,372.982 Meters			
Field	Value			
OBJECTID	42231			
Shape	Point			
ACCTID	17040266304			
DIGXCORD	423503.1			
DIGYCORD	119365.5			
CT2010	24033800800			
BG2010	240338008001			
DESCTOWN	PRIN UPPER MARLBORO			
YEARBLT	1962			
TRADATE	20200619			
CONSIDR1	295000			
IMPVALUE	160800			
HU	SF			
COUNTY	24033			
PFA	outPFA			
ZIPCODE1	20772			
ZIPCODE2	02403320772			
ZIPNAME	Upper Marlboro			
Identified 1 feature				

This database is available for use with *MdProperty View* and *FINDER*. The database can also be used to generate aggregate statistical reports on residential sales for CY2021 for the State, 23 counties and Baltimore City, municipalities, zip codes, Census tracts and block groups as well as areas in and out of Priority Funding Areas.