

**SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS**  
**2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates**

**Area Name : State Legislative District 39 (2010), Maryland**

Subject	State Legislative District 39 (2010), Maryland			
	Estimate	Estimate Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
<b>Population 16 years and over</b>	92,589	+/- 1649	100.0%	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force</b>	72,877	+/- 1492	78.7%	+/- 1
Civilian labor force	72,502	+/- 1503	78.3%	+/- 1
Employed	67,795	+/- 1451	73.2%	+/- 1.1
Unemployed	4,707	+/- 548	5.1%	+/- 0.6
Armed Forces	375	+/- 140	0.4%	+/- 0.2
<b>Not in labor force</b>	19,712	+/- 1064	21.3%	+/- 1
Civilian labor force	72,502	+/- 1503	(X)	+/- (X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	+/- (X)	6.5%	+/- 0.7
<b>Females 16 years and over</b>				
<b>Population 16 years and over</b>	48,047	+/- 1041	(X)	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force</b>	35,257	+/- 987	73.4%	+/- 1.3
Civilian labor force	35,164	+/- 984	73.2%	+/- 1.3
Employed	33,112	+/- 933	68.9%	+/- 1.4
<b>Own children under 6 years</b>	10,768	+/- 891	(X)	+/- (X)
All parents in family in labor force	6,939	+/- 796	64.4%	+/- 4.8
<b>Own children 6 to 17 years</b>	19,602	+/- 1029	(X)	+/- (X)
All parents in family in labor force	14,823	+/- 1037	75.6%	+/- 3.1
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
<b>Workers 16 years and over</b>	66,811	+/- 1357	100.0%	+/- (X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	46,675	+/- 1410	69.9%	+/- 1.4
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	8,794	+/- 673	13.2%	+/- 1
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	7,592	+/- 679	11.4%	+/- 1
Walked	945	+/- 221	1.4%	+/- 0.3
Other means	684	+/- 212	1%	+/- 0.3
Worked at home	2,121	+/- 318	3.2%	+/- 0.5
<b>Mean travel time to work (minutes)</b>	35.6	+/- 0.7	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	67,795	+/- 1451	100.0%	+/- (X)
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	30,892	+/- 1146	45.6%	+/- 1.6
Service occupations	11,974	+/- 1166	17.7%	+/- 1.6
Sales and office occupations	16,009	+/- 960	23.6%	+/- 1.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	5,190	+/- 725	7.7%	+/- 1
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	3,730	+/- 511	5.5%	+/- 0.7
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	67,795	+/- 1451	100.0%	+/- (X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	82	+/- 63	0.1%	+/- 0.1
Construction	4,864	+/- 699	7.2%	+/- 1
Manufacturing	3,021	+/- 383	4.5%	+/- 0.6
Wholesale trade	1,127	+/- 248	1.7%	+/- 0.4
Retail trade	6,574	+/- 664	9.7%	+/- 1
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	1,871	+/- 402	2.8%	+/- 0.6
Information	1,988	+/- 328	2.9%	+/- 0.5
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	4,736	+/- 527	7%	+/- 0.8
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste	13,931	+/- 1114	20.5%	+/- 1.6
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	13,445	+/- 841	19.8%	+/- 1.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	5,873	+/- 788	8.7%	+/- 1.1
Other services, except public administration	4,213	+/- 519	6.2%	+/- 0.8
Public administration	6,070	+/- 625	9%	+/- 1

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<b>CLASS OF WORKER</b>				
<b>Civilian employed population 16 years and over</b>	67,795	+/- 1451	100.0%	+/- (X)
Private wage and salary workers	51,313	+/- 1380	75.7%	+/- 1.2
Government workers	12,785	+/- 822	18.9%	+/- 1.2
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	3,572	+/- 442	5.3%	+/- 0.6
Unpaid family workers	125	+/- 93	0.2%	+/- 0.1
<b>INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2012 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)</b>				
<b>Total households</b>	41,239	+/- 447	100.0%	+/- (X)
Less than \$10,000	1,192	+/- 275	2.9%	+/- 0.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999	566	+/- 210	1.4%	+/- 0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,771	+/- 322	4.3%	+/- 0.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,331	+/- 424	5.7%	+/- 1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	4,379	+/- 476	10.6%	+/- 1.2
\$50,000 to \$74,999	7,639	+/- 613	18.5%	+/- 1.4
\$75,000 to \$99,999	5,691	+/- 473	13.8%	+/- 1.2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	9,353	+/- 662	22.7%	+/- 1.6
\$150,000 to \$199,999	4,449	+/- 491	10.8%	+/- 1.2
\$200,000 or more	3,868	+/- 367	9.4%	+/- 0.9
<b>Median household income (dollars)</b>	\$86,434	+/- 3915	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>Mean household income (dollars)</b>	\$103,133	+/- 2740	(X)%	+/- (X)
With earnings	38,240	+/- 607	92.7%	+/- 0.9
Mean earnings (dollars)	\$100,771	+/- 2438	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Social Security	5,492	+/- 412	13.3%	+/- 1
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	\$15,493	+/- 727	(X)%	+/- (X)
With retirement income	4,213	+/- 379	10.2%	+/- 0.9
Mean retirement income (dollars)	\$35,270	+/- 3075	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Supplemental Security Income	741	+/- 185	1.8%	+/- 0.5
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	\$8,112	+/- 811	(X)%	+/- (X)
With cash public assistance income	732	+/- 202	1.8%	+/- 0.5
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	\$6,483	+/- 2893	(X)%	+/- (X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	2,828	+/- 368	6.9%	+/- 0.9
<b>Families</b>				
<b>Families</b>	29,477	+/- 701	100.0%	+/- (X)
Less than \$10,000	644	+/- 196	2.2%	+/- 0.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999	252	+/- 110	0.9%	+/- 0.4
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,047	+/- 246	3.6%	+/- 0.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,554	+/- 343	5.3%	+/- 1.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,880	+/- 410	9.8%	+/- 1.4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	4,848	+/- 483	16.4%	+/- 1.6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	3,816	+/- 393	12.9%	+/- 1.4
\$100,000 to \$149,999	7,154	+/- 577	24.3%	+/- 1.9
\$150,000 to \$199,999	3,871	+/- 438	13.1%	+/- 1.4
\$200,000 or more	3,411	+/- 370	11.6%	+/- 1.2
Median family income (dollars)	\$97,989	+/- 4185	(X)%	+/- (X)
Mean family income (dollars)	\$112,959	+/- 3627	(X)%	+/- (X)
Per capita income (dollars)	\$35,959	+/- 1012	(X)%	+/- (X)
<b>Nonfamily households</b>				
<b>Nonfamily households</b>	11,762	+/- 680	(X)	+/- (X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	\$62,519	+/- 4283	(X)%	+/- (X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	\$73,234	+/- 3507	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	\$41,751	+/- 1322	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$60,611	+/- 3302	(X)%	+/- (X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	\$52,318	+/- 2044	(X)%	+/- (X)

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<b>HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE</b>				
<b>Civilian noninstitutionalized population</b>	119,761	+/- 2057	119761%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	101,992	+/- 1806	85.2%	+/- 1
With private health insurance	87,226	+/- 2150	72.8%	+/- 1.6
With public coverage	21,573	+/- 1533	18%	+/- 1.3
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	17,769	+/- 1381	14.8%	+/- 1
Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years	31,331	+/- 1205	31331%	+/- (X)
No health insurance coverage	1,513	+/- 313	4.8%	+/- 1
Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years	80,805	+/- 1576	80805%	+/- (X)
<b>In labor force:</b>	69,335	+/- 1438	69335%	+/- (X)
<b>Employed:</b>	65,191	+/- 1397	65191%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	53,954	+/- 1248	82.8%	+/- 1.5
With private health insurance	52,323	+/- 1344	80.3%	+/- 1.6
With public coverage	2,449	+/- 414	3.8%	+/- 0.6
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	11,237	+/- 1071	17.2%	+/- 1.5
<b>Unemployed:</b>	4,144	+/- 498	4144%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	2,366	+/- 366	57.1%	+/- 6.3
With private health insurance	1,643	+/- 310	39.6%	+/- 6.2
With public coverage	831	+/- 202	20.1%	+/- 4.4
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	1,778	+/- 354	42.9%	+/- 6.3
<b>Not in labor force:</b>	11,470	+/- 915	11470%	+/- (X)
<b>With health insurance coverage</b>	8,705	+/- 684	75.9%	+/- 3.5
With private health insurance	7,094	+/- 626	61.8%	+/- 4.3
With public coverage	2,238	+/- 412	19.5%	+/- 3.2
<b>No health insurance coverage</b>	2,765	+/- 510	24.1%	+/- 3.5
<b>PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL</b>				
<b>All families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	4.5%	+/- 0.9
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	7%	+/- 1.5
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	5.3%	+/- 2.4
<b>Married couple families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	1.4%	+/- 0.5
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	2.3%	+/- 0.9
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	2.7%	+/- 1.9
<b>Families with female householder, no husband present</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	16.3%	+/- 4.2
<b>With related children under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	23.4%	+/- 6.2
With related children under 5 years only	(X)	+/- (X)	24.6%	+/- 15.7
<b>All people</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	6.9%	+/- 1.2
<b>Under 18 years</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	9.8%	+/- 2.2
Related children under 18 years	(X)	+/- (X)	9.4%	+/- 2.2
Related children under 5 years	(X)	+/- (X)	8.2%	+/- 2.6
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	+/- (X)	9.9%	+/- 2.5
<b>18 years and over</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	5.9%	+/- 1.1
18 to 64 years	(X)	+/- (X)	6%	+/- 1.2
65 years and over	(X)	+/- (X)	4.2%	+/- 1.4
<b>People in families</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	5.3%	+/- 1.1
<b>Unrelated individuals 15 years and over</b>	(X)	+/- (X)	16%	+/- 2.7

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

There were changes in the edit between 2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

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Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

While the 2008-2012 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2008-2012 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.